

EYFS	Key Sta	ige One	Key Stage Two							
30-50 months 40-60+ months ELGs	Year One	Year Two	Year Three	Year Four	Year Five	Year Six				
			Writing - Transcription							
	Phonics and Spelling Rules									
Please refe	Please refer to our Phonics and Spelling Pace and Progression document. This is available on the Phonics and Spelling page of our school website.									
			ommon Exception Wor							
I can write some	I can spell all Y1	I can spell most Y1	I can spell many of	I can spell all of the	I can spell many of	I can spell all of the				
irregular common	common exception	and Y2 common	the Y3 and Y4	Y3 and Y4 statutory	the Y5 and Y6	Y5 and Y6 statutory				
words.	words correctly.*	exception words correctly.	statutory spelling words correctly.	spelling words correctly.	statutory spelling words correctly.	spelling words correctly.				
	I can spell days of the	•	1		words correctly.	,				
	week correctly.									
			Prefixes and Suffixes							
	I can use -s and -es to	I can add suffixes to	I can spell most	I can correctly spell	I can convert nouns or	I can use my				
	form regular plurals	spell most words	words with the	most words with the	adjectives into verbs	knowledge of				
	correctly.	correctly in my	prefixes dis-, mis-, bi-,	prefixes in-, il-, im-, ir-,	using the suffix -ate	adjectives ending in -				
		writing, e.gment, -	re- and de- correctly	sub-, super-, anti-,	(e.g. activate,	ant to spell nouns				
	I can use the prefix	ness, -ful, -less, -ly.	(e.g. disobey,	auto-, inter-, ex- and	motivate	ending in -ance/-ancy				
	'un-' accurately.		mistreat, bicycle,	non- (e.g. incorrect,	communicate).	(e.g. observant,				
			reapply, defuse).	illegal, impossible,		observance,				
	I can successfully add			irrelevant,	I can convert nouns or	expectant, hesitant,				
	the suffixes –ing, –ed,		I can spell most	substandard,	adjectives into verbs	hesitancy, tolerant,				
	-er and -est to root		words with the suffix -	superhero, autograph,	using the suffix -ise	tolerance, substance).				
	words where no		ly with no change to	antisocial, intercity,	(e.g. criticise,	1				
	change is needed in		the root word; root words that end in	exchange, nonsense).	advertise, capitalise).	I can use my				
	the spelling of the root words (e.g. helped,		'le', 'al' or 'ic' and the	I can form nouns with	I can convert nouns or	knowledge of adjectives ending in -				
	quickest).		exceptions to the	the suffix -ation (e.g.	adjectives into verbs	ent to spell nouns				
	quickest).		rules.	information,	using the suffix -ify	ending in -ence/-ency				
			Tules.	adoration, sensation,	(e.g. signify, falsify,	(e.g. innocent,				
			I can spell words with	preparation,	glorify).	innocence, decent,				
			added suffixes	admiration).	9.0.117/	decency, frequent,				
			beginning with a		I can convert nouns or	frequency, confident,				
			vowel (-er/-ed/ing) to	I can spell words with	adjectives into verbs	confidence, obedient,				
			words with more than	the suffix -ous with no	using the suffix -en	obedience,				
			one syllable	change to root words,	(e.g. blacken,	independent).				
			(unstressed last	no definitive root	brighten, flatten).	, ,				
				word, words ending in						



		syllable, e.g. limiting	'y', 'our' or 'e' and the		I can spell words by
		offering).	exceptions to the rule		adding suffixes
		G,	(e.g. joyous, fabulous,		beginning with vowel
		I can spell words with	mysterious, rigorous,		letters to words
		added suffixes	famous,		ending in -fer (e.g.
		beginning with a	advantageous).		referring, referred,
		vowel (-er/-ed/en/-ing)	,		referral, preferring,
		to words with more			preferred,
		than one syllable			transferring,
		(stressed last			transferred, reference,
		syllable, e.g. forgotten			referee, preference,
		beginning).			transference).
	Fu	rther Spelling Convention	ons		,
I can spell simpl		I can spell some more	I can spell words that	I can spell complex	To spell homophones
compound words (•	complex homophones	use the possessive	homophones and	and near
dustbin, football		and near-	apostrophe with plural	near homophones,	homophones that
	didn't, hasn't, couldn't,	homophones,	words, including	including	include nouns that
I can read words t	hat it's, I'll.	including here/hear,	irregular plurals (e.g.	who's/whose and	end in -ce/-cy and
they have spelt		brake/break and mail/	girls', boys', babies',	stationary/stationery.	verbs that end in -se/-
	I can learn the	male.	children's, men's,		sy (e.g. practice/
I can take part in	the possessive singular		mice's).	I can use the first	practise,
process of	apostrophe (e.g. the	I can use the first two	,	three or four letters of	licence/license,
segmenting spok	en girl's book).	or three letters of a	I can use my spelling	a word to check	advice/advise).
words into phonen	nes	word to check its	knowledge to use a	spelling, meaning or	ŕ
before choosing	I can write, from	spelling in a	dictionary more	both of these in a	I can spell words that
graphemes to	memory, simple	dictionary.	efficiently.	dictionary.	contain hyphens (e.g.
represent those	sentences dictated by				co-ordinate, re-enter,
phonemes.	the teacher that				cooperate, co-own).
	include words using				
	the GPCs, common				I can use a
	exception words and				knowledge of
	punctuation taught so				morphology and
	far.				etymology in spelling
					and understand that
	I can segment spoken				the spelling of some
	words into phonemes				words needs to be
	and to then represent				learnt specifically.
	all of the phonemes				
	using graphemes in				I can use dictionaries
	the right order for both				and thesauruses to



		for singlesyllable and multi-syllabic words. I can self-correct misspellings of words that pupils have been taught to spell (this may require support to recognise misspellings).				check the spelling and meaning of words and confidently find synonyms and antonyms.
	•		nation, Placement and I	Positioning	•	
I can sometimes give meaning to marks as I draw and paint. I can realise tools can be used for a purpose. I can draw lines and circles using gross motor movements. I can use one-handed tools and equipment, e.g. makes snips in paper with child scissors. I can hold a pencil between thumb and two fingers, no longer using whole-hand grasp. I can hold a pencil near point between first two fingers and	I can write lower case and capital letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place with a good level of consistency. I can sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly. I can form digits 0-9. I can understand which letters belong to which handwriting 'families' (i.e. letters that are formed in similar ways) and to practise these.	I can write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower case letters. I can form lower case letters of the correct size, relative to one another. I can use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters.	I can use a neat, joined handwriting style with increasing accuracy and speed.	I can increase the legibility, consistency and quality of my handwriting.	I can increase the speed of my handwriting so that problems with forming letters do not get in the way of writing down what I want to say. I can be clear of what standard of handwriting is appropriate for a particular task.	I can write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed by: - choosing which shape of a letter to use when given choices and deciding whether or not to join specific letters; - choosing the writing implement that is best suited for a task.



thumb, and uses it with good control. I can copy some letters, e.g. letters from my name.	
letters, e.g. letters	
I can give meaning to marks I make as I draw, write and paint.	
I can use some clearly identifiable letters to communicate meaning, representing some	
sounds correctly and in sequence. I can show a	
preference for a dominant hand.	
I can begin to use anticlockwise movement and retrace vertical	
lines. I can begin to form recognisable letters.	
I can use a pencil and hold it effectively to form recognisable letters,	
most of which are correctly formed. I can show good	



control and co- ordination in large and small movements.						
I can handle equipment and tools effectively, including pencils for writing.						
I can write simple sentences which can be read by themselves and others.						
	•		Cursive Handwriting			
		I can begin to use the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters.	I can use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and to understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined.	I can confidently use diagonal and horizontal joining strokes throughout my independent writing to increase fluency.	I can confidently use diagonal and horizontal joining strokes throughout my independent writing in a legible, fluent and speedy way.	I can recognise when to use an unjoined style (e.g. for labelling a diagram or data, writing an email address or for algebra) and capital letters (e.g. for filling in a form).
			Writing - Composition		,	iii a ioiiii).
		Dia				
Loop appolite retall a	Loop ony out loud what	I can write narratives	nning, Writing and Edit		Loon plan my writing	I can note down and
I can speak to retell a simple past event in	I can say out loud what I am going to write	about personal	I can begin to use ideas from my own	I can compose and rehearse sentences	I can plan my writing by identifying the	develop initial ideas,
correct order (e.g.	about.	experiences and those	reading and modelled	orally (including	audience and	drawing on reading and
went down slide, hurt	about.	of others (real and	examples to plan my	dialogue),	purpose of the	research where
finger).	I can compose a	fictional).	writing.	progressively building	writing, selecting the	necessary.
3 ,	sentence orally before	,		a varied and rich	appropriate form and	, and the second
I can use talk to	writing it.	I can write about real	I can proofread my	vocabulary and an	using other similar	I can use further
connect ideas, explain		events.	own and others' work	increasing range of	writing as models for	organisational and
what is happening and	I can sequence	Lagar control of the sta	to check for errors	sentence structures.	my own.	presentational devices
anticipate what might	sentences to form	I can write simple	(with increasing	Loop consistantly	Loon consider where	to structure text and to
happen next, recall and relive past	short narratives.	poetry.	accuracy) and to make improvements.	I can consistently organise my writing	I can consider, when planning narratives,	guide the reader (e.g. headings, bullet points,
experiences.		I can plan what I am	make improvements.	into paragraphs	how authors have	underlining).
одронопосон	I	. can plan macram	1	paragrapilo		a. a



I can use talk in pretending that objects stand for something else in play, e.g. 'This box is my castle.'

I can engage in imaginative role play based on own first-hand experiences.

I can build stories around toys, e.g. farm animals needing rescue from an armchair 'cliff'.

I can capture experiences and responses with a range of media, such as music, dance and paint and other materials or words.

I can link statements and sticks to a main theme or intention.

I can use talk to organise, sequence and clarify thinking, ideas, feelings and events.

I can introduce a storyline or narrative into my play.

I can discuss what I have written with the teacher or other pupils.

I can reread my writing to check that it makes sense and independently begin to make changes.

I can read my writing aloud clearly enough to be heard by my peers and the teacher.

I can use adjectives to describe.

going to write about, including writing down ideas and/or key words and new vocabulary.

I can encapsulate what I want to say, sentence by sentence.

I can make simple additions, revisions and corrections to my own writing by evaluating my writing with the teacher and other pupils.

I can reread to check that my writing makes sense and that the correct tense is used throughout.

I can proofread to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation (e.g. to check that the ends of sentences are punctuated correctly). I can begin to organise my writing into paragraphs around a theme.

I can compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue). around a theme to add cohesion and to aid the reader.

I can proofread consistently and amend my own and others' writing, correcting errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling and adding nouns/ pronouns for cohesion.

developed characters and settings in what pupils have read, listened to or seen performed.

I can proofread work to précis longer passages by removing unnecessary repetition or irrelevant details.

I can consistently link ideas across paragraphs.

I can proofread my work to assess the effectiveness of my own and others' writing and to make necessary corrections and improvements. I can use a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs.

I can habitually proofread for spelling and punctuation errors.

I can propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning.

I can recognise how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms and to use this knowledge to make improvements to my writing.



I can write my own						
name and other things						
such as labels,						
captions.						
I can attempt to write						
short sentences in						
meaningful contexts.						
I can play						
cooperatively as part						
of a group to develop						
and act out a						
narrative.						
I can develop my own						
narratives and						
explanations by						
connecting ideas or						
events.						
L con vivito circulo						
I can write simple sentences which can						
be read by myself and others. Some words						
are spelt correctly and						
others are phonetically plausible.						
plausible.		<u>Δwareness</u>	of Audience, Purpose a	Ind Structure		
I can use	Loop use a number	I can write for	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Loop consistently	Loop write effectively
vocabulary focused	I can use a number of simple features	different purposes	I can demonstrate an increasing	I can write a range of narratives and	I can consistently produce sustained and	I can write effectively for a range of
on objects and	of different text	with an awareness of	understanding of	non-fiction pieces	accurate writing from	purposes and
people that are of	types and to make	an increased amount	purpose and	using a consistent	different narrative and	audiences, selecting
particular	relevant choices	of fiction and non-	audience by	and appropriate	non-fiction genres with	the appropriate form
importance to me.	about subject	fiction structures.	discussing writing	structure (including	appropriate structure,	and drawing
, 1 111 33 11131	matter and	nonon su doldies.	similar to that which	genre-specific layout	organisation and	independently on
I can build up	appropriate		I am planning to	devices).	layout devices for a	what I have read as
vocabulary that	vocabulary choices.	I can use new	write in order to	devices).	range of audiences	models for my own
reflects the breadth	vocabalal y of loloco.	vocabulary from my	understand and		and purposes.	writing (including
of my experiences.		reading, my	learn from its	I can write a range	and purposes.	literary language,
, ,			icani nom its		<u>l</u>	morary language,



I can extend vocabulary, especially by grouping and naming, exploring the meaning and sounds of new words. I can use language to imagine and recreate roles and experiences in play situations. I can express myself effectively, showing awareness of listeners' needs.	I can start to engage readers by using adjectives to describe.	discussions about it (one-to-one and as a whole class) and from my wider experiences. I can read aloud what I have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear.	structure, vocabulary and grammar. I can begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices in nonfiction). I can make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail. I can begin to create settings, characters and plot in	of narratives that are well structured and well-paced. I can create detailed settings, characters and plot in narratives to engage the reader and to add atmosphere. I can begin to read aloud my own writing, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and to control the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear.	I can describe settings, characters and atmosphere with carefully chosen vocabulary to enhance mood, clarify meaning and create pace. I can regularly use dialogue to convey a character and to advance the action. I can perform my own compositions confidently using appropriate intonation, volume and movement so that meaning is	characterisation, structure, etc.). I can distinguish between the language of speech and writing and choose the appropriate level of formality. I can select vocabulary and grammatical structures that reflect what the writing requires.
		Writing - Vo	narratives. cabulary, Grammar and		clear.	
			ence Construction and			
I can begin to understand 'why' and 'how' questions. I can question why things happen and give explanations and ask questions, e.g. who, what, when, how. I can use a range of tenses in speech (e.g. play, playing, will play, played).	I can use simple sentence structures.	I can use the present tense and the past tense mostly correctly and consistently. I can form sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command. I can use some features of written Standard English.	I can try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate subject/verb agreement. I can use 'a' or 'an' correctly throughout a piece of writing.	I can always maintain an accurate tense throughout a piece of writing. I can always use Standard English verb inflections accurately, e.g. 'we were' rather than 'we was' and 'I did' rather than 'I done'.	I can use a range of adverbs and modal verbs to indicate degrees of possibility, e.g. surely, perhaps, should, might, etc. I can ensure the consistent and correct use of tense throughout all pieces of writing.	I can ensure the consistent and correct use of tense throughout all pieces of writing, including the correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural.



I can answer 'how'						
and 'why' questions						
about my experiences						
and in response to						
stories or events.						
I can use past,						
present and future						
forms accurately						
when talking about						
events that have						
happened or are to						
happen in the future.						
		He	e of Phrases and Claus	AS		
I can begin to use	I can use the joining	I can begin to use co-	I can use subordinate	I can use subordinate	I can use a wide	l age yag tha
more complex	word (conjunction)	ordination	clauses, extending	clauses, extending	range of linking	I can use the
sentences to link	'and' to link ideas and	(or/and/but).	the range of	the range of	words/phrases	subjunctive form in
thoughts when	sentences.	(Ol/alla/Bat).	sentences with more	sentences with more	between sentences	formal writing.
speaking (e.g. using	Scritchecs.	I can use some	than one clause by	than one clause by	and paragraphs to	
'and' and 'because').	I can begin to form	subordination	using a wider range of	using a wider range of	build cohesion,	I can use the perfect
and and because).	simple compound	(when/if/	conjunctions,	conjunctions, which	including time	form of verbs to mark
	sentences.	that/because).	including when, if,	are sometimes in	adverbials (e.g. later),	relationships of time
	Scritchees.	triat/because).	because, and	varied positions within	place adverbials (e.g.	and cause.
		I can use expanded	although.	sentences.	nearby) and number	
		noun phrases to	aitriougri.	Sentences.	(e.g. secondly).	
		describe and specify.		I can expand noun	(e.g. secondly).	I can use the passive
		describe and specify.		phrases with the		voice.
				addition of ambitious		
			I can use a range of	modifying adjectives	I can use relative	I can use question
						tags in informal
			conjunctions, adverbs	and prepositional	clauses beginning with a relative	writing.
			and prepositions to	phrases.		witting.
			show time, place and	Loop consistently	pronoun with	
			cause.	I can consistently	confidence (who,	
				choose nouns or	which, where, when,	
				pronouns	whose, that and	
				appropriately to aid	omitted relative	
				cohesion and avoid	pronouns).	
				repetition, e.g. he,		
				she, they, it.		



Dunatuation							
			Punctuation		т .	T	
	I can use capital	I can use the full	I can use the full	I can use all of the	I can use commas	I can use the full	
	letters for names,	range of punctuation	range of punctuation	necessary	consistently to clarify	range of punctuation	
	places, the days of	taught at key stage 1	from previous year	punctuation in direct	meaning or to avoid	taught at key stage 2	
	the week and the	mostly correctly.	groups.	speech, including a	ambiguity.	correctly, including	
	personal pronoun 'l'.			comma after the		consistent and	
			I can punctuate direct	reporting clause and	I can use brackets,	accurate use of	
	I can use finger		speech accurately,	all end punctuation	dashes or commas to	semicolons, dashes,	
	spaces.		including the use of	within the inverted	indicate parenthesis.	colons, hyphens,	
			inverted commas.	commas.		and, when	
	I can use full stops to					necessary, to use	
	end sentences.			I can consistently use		such punctuation	
				apostrophes for		precisely to enhance	
	I can begin to use			singular and plural		meaning and avoid	
	question marks and			possession		ambiguity.	
	exclamation marks.					3. 3. 3,	
			Use of Terminology				
I can show an	I can recognise and	I can recognise and	I can recognise and	I can recognise and	I can recognise and	I can recognise and	
understanding of	use the terms letter,	use the terms noun,	use the terms	use the terms	use the terms modal	use the terms	
prepositions such as	capital letter, word,	noun phrase,	preposition,	determiner, pronoun,	verb, relative	subject, object,	
'under', 'on top',	singular, plural,	statement, question,	conjunction, word	possessive pronoun	pronoun, relative	active, passive,	
'behind' by carrying	sentence,	exclamation,	family, prefix, clause,	and adverbial.	clause, parenthesis,	synonym, antonym,	
out an action or	punctuation, full stop,	command, compound,	subordinate clause,		bracket, dash,	ellipsis, hyphen,	
selecting correct	question mark and	suffix, adjective,	direct speech,		cohesion and	colon, semi-colon	
picture.	exclamation mark.	adverb, verb, present	consonant, consonant		ambiguity.	and bullet points.	
		tense, past tense,	letter, vowel, vowel				
		apostrophe and	letter and inverted				
		comma.	commas.				